

CLUSTER DEVELOPMENT PROJECT

BHAGALPUR BIHAR 2008/2009

DESIGN DOCUMENT

FABRIC DEVELOPMENT PRODUCT CONCEPTUALISATION AND DEVELOPMENT

CLUSTER NAME	Nath Nagar
CITY	Bhagalpur
STATE	Bihar
CRAFT	HANDLOOM



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INTRODUCTION

Design and Product Development with weavers cluster in Nathnagar, Bhagalpur is based on the observations and assessments of the existing designs, skill, infrastructure and equipment. During last few interventions I worked with master weavers on various possibilities of Fabric Development. The method was direct as well as distant design support. We developed a specification sheet format based upon their looms. It helps tremendously in record keeping as well as in fast communication. We also worked upon developing multiple weave structures on a single warp through Blanket Technique and Tie-up Changing Technique.

Through my experience and knowledge of working with weavers' clusters I planed to implement The Design Intervention in following stages -

- Assessment of Skill, Infrastructure, Products and Process
- Developing Specification sheet format in accordance with skill and equipments
- Conceptualizing Themes, Seasons and Color Pallette.
- Conceptualising Product Range
- Meeting Master Weavers and Traders to explain the concept of specification and its implementation
- Introducing Specification Sheet for new fabric development

The New Fabrics developed in accordance with the above stages will be used for developing co-ordinated product ranges.



RESEARCH AND ANALYSIS Equipments, Raw Materials, Dyeing, Fabrics and Weave Designs, Product Range



Analysis of Reeling and Warping Equipment

Reeling Equipment - Cycle-wheel Charkha

Bobbins - Wooden or Plastic bobbins **Warping Equipment** - Creel and Warping Drum

Creel Capacity - Mostly 60 -80 to 110, sometimes 140 also

Drum Width - 50 to 70 inches

Drum Circumference - Mostly 1.5-2.5, sometime bigger also

Length Measurement -Spring & Lock System









Analysis of Weaving Equipment

Loom - Pit-loom
Width - 40 inches to 60 inches
Warp beam - Mostly 1, rarely use extra

beam

Headles - Cotton or nylon headles,

rearly use metal headles

No. of Frames - Mostly 2 - 8; sometimes

10-12 also

Reed - Normal Iron Reed; No Bamboo or Steel reed

Reed Count - 8s - 80s; sometimes above

80s also

No. of Peddles - 2 - 10

Technique - Independent Frame

Technique

Fly-wheel - 1 Take-up Motion - 1

No fly-wheel on beater No 5-wheel take-up motion

No gear system for uniform ppi

Dobby -Jacquard -

Gear system -

No Dobby No Jacquard



Throster (85) - Silk

RESEARCH AND ANALYSIS

Spun Silk

Analysis of Various Yarns

Cotton - 10s, 20s, 32s, 40s, 8/2s, 10/2s, 20/2s, 40/2s, 60/2s, 80/2s.

Mercerized Cotton - 80/2s, 100/2s, 120/2s

Spun Silk - 60/2, 120/2, 140/2, 210/2, 240/2

Tussar Silk- 33/37

Staple - 14/2, 15/2, 10/2, 20/2, 34/2

Noil - 2s, 4s, 6s, 7s, 10s, 20s, 30s

Throster (85) - 20/2, 25/2, 27/2, 30/2

Matka Noil - 20s, 6s, 10s

Muga Silk - 72/2, 60/1, 33/1

Linen - 10, 14, 20, 25, 40, 50, 60

Fancy Yarns - Acrylic, Wool, Tussar Gheecha, Viscose Lub-Lub, Moti Lub-Lub, Viscose Flag (Jhandi), Fancy Cotton, Kela Silk, Lurex, Payal etc. in Various Counts



Lub-Lub - Viscose

Analysis of Dyes for Silk Acid Dyes -

Pros -Best dye for solid color dyeing of silks

- -Economical and simple to use
- -Beautiful vibrant colors

Cons - Needs hot simmering water

- -Most have poor fastness to washing
- -Light fastness varies from color to color

Fibre Reactive Dyes -

Brand names include Remazol (Multifilla), Procion, Levafix (USA) & Dylon

Pro's-Excellent wash and light fastness

- -Economical and Easy to use
- -Does not need hot water.

Con's-Colors are still vibrant, but shift on silks

-Need to use with the proper chemicals

Analysis of Production Technology and Equipment Upgradation

No loom have basic dobby and jacquard as an attachment however most of the weavers can handle upto 10 frames with 10 peddles using *Independent Frame Technique* for complicated designs and booties - and they know it as dobby which shows their sheer ignorance and lack of knowledge about dobby.

- Dobby is an equipment mounted above frames on the top of the loom or besides frames at the side of the loom and helps weavers to impart complicated weaves through only one peddle as design is punched on a card and mounted on dobby which automatically lifts frame/s (2-16) as per design requirement only through peddling of one peddle!

The weavers know *Independent Frame Technique* as dobby due to lack of knowledge and ignorance of Weavers' Service Center. However, the purpose of *Independent Frame Technique* and Dobby is same but dobby is much more convenient, faster and versatile than its counterpart.

Also, no loom is fitted with 5-Wheel Motion, Fly Wheel and Drop Box which help enormously in enhancing design possibility, quality and speed of weaving.

This clearly has an adverse impact on the design possibility and productivity of looms. While the weavers feel the need for upgradation of their pit looms to frame looms or with other technical attachments to enhance design possibilities and productivity, financial resources remain a constraint..



Fabrics and Designs

The traditional raw material of Bhagalpur is Tussar and a variety of fabrics are being woven using various tussar yarn. However, now

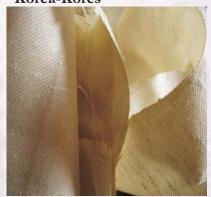
a days weavers are also using cotton, linen, noil and other silk, lurex and other fancy yarns for fabric development as per market requirement. During resent past weavers observed a lot of changes in the design and variety of fabrics as more an more weavers started using varied raw materials and more frames on the loom. The various designs and weaves can come under following categories -







Korea-Kores



Crape



Silk-Noil





Tasar-mulbery



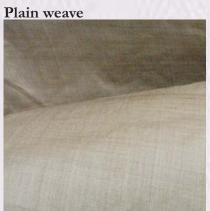
TS (Tasar-Stepal)



Noil-noil

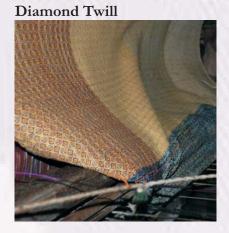


Type of Weaves and Designs

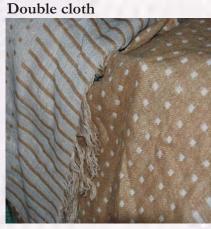




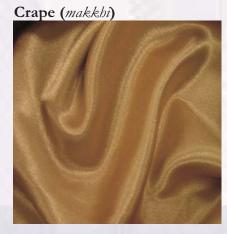


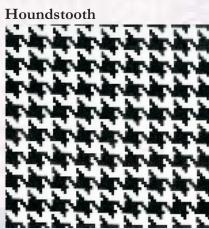
















PLAIN WEAVE

No of Frames - 2

Yarns Used - Cotton, Spun silk, Noil, Linen, Tussar and Every other yarns! Patterns - Plain, Checks and Stripes; Produce various textures using various yarns as weft.



BASKET WEAVE

No of Frames - 2, 4 or 8

Yarns Used - Cotton, Spun silk, Noil, Linen, Tussar and Every other yarns! Patterns - Plain, Checks and Stripes; Produce various textures using various yarns as weft.



TWILL WEAVE

No of Frames - 4, 6 or 8

Yarns Used - Cotton, Spun silk, Noil, Linen, Tussar and Every other yarns! Patterns - Plain, Checks and Stripes; Produce various textures using various yarns as weft.



ZIG-ZAG TWILL

No of Frames - 4 or 8

Yarns Used - Cotton, Spun silk, Noil, Linen, Tussar

Patterns - Overall, Stripes; Produce various textures using various yarns as



DIAMOND TWILL

No of Frames - 4-8

Yarns Used - Cotton, Spun silk, Noil, Linen, Tussar

Patterns - Overall in combination with zig_zag twill, Stripes; Produce various textures using various yarns as weft.



HERRINGBONE

No of Frames - 4

Yarns Used - Cotton, Spun silk, Noil, Linen, Tussar and Every other yarns! Patterns - Overall, Stripes; Produce various textures using various yarns as weft.



HOUNDSTOOTH

No of Frames - 4

Yarns Used - Cotton, Spun silk, Noil, Linen, Tussar

Patterns - Houndstooth



LENO WEAVE

No of Frames - 2

Yarns Used - Cotton, Spun silk, Noil, Linen, Tussar

Patterns - Plain, Stripes; Produce various effects using various yarns as weft.

FACT FILE - Design Development & Skill Upgradation

Design Development

In majority of cases (87%), the designs were provided by the traders, while about 9% of them claimed to have developed designs on their own. Others 4% were following traditional designs.

Design, the unique selling point of handloom products, remains an ignored area in the state. Barring some sporadic attempts by the traders, based on feedback from the major buyers, there is no organized effort in the state to help weavers adapt to new designs. Any revival effort for the sector has to have a major focus on this matter.

Skill Upgradation

Among the sample weavers, only one-third of the weavers had gone through a process of upgrading their skills, while majority admitted to not going through any skill upgradation programme. District-wise variation shows that minimum skill upgradation was reported among weavers of Darbhanga district (25%) and maximum among weavers of Bhagalpur district (33%) closely followed by Patna (district 32%). Further, only 15-20 % of weavers talked about upgrading their skills in tune with the trade

All those who upgraded the skills had done it through state agencies. However, an environment of ignorance with regard to government schemes and programmes for the betterment of their lot pervaded the clusters. In spite of various state govt. training institutions for the weavers, most of weavers have not been able to take advantage of them. It was clear that state govt. institutions, supposed to work for the purpose, have been mostly at disconnect with the status of the sector and weavers. However, this has also happened largely because of a severe lack of resources with state govt. organizations, both in terms of physical and financial resources. Any effort at revival of the sector in the state would therefore have to necessarily involve complete revamping of such state government institutions.

Product Range

The weavers produce various handloom articles. The major products are saris, bed sheets, towels, curtains, stoles, plain fabrics and items such as gamcha, dusters etc. While Siwan and Patna are producing mainly saris and yardage, Bhagalpur has the largest range of items. The handloom clusters in the state are thus mainly engaged in traditional items like towels, bed sheets, saris and plain fabric. There is no effort to reorient production to modern dress materials and such other value added items which have a lion's share in today's handloom market. A business plan would therefore have to look at this aspect closely.



DOUBLE CLOTH

No of Frames - 4-8

Yarns Used - Cotton, Spun silk, Noil, Linen, Tussar

Patterns - Plain, Stripes; Produce various effects using various yarns as weft



CRAPE'

No of Frames - 4

Yarns Used - Cotton, Spun silk, Noil, Linen, Tussar

Patterns - Plain, Stripes; Produce various effects using various yarns as weft.



NEED OF DESIGN INTERVENTION

New Designs

Weavers need to be educated and trained to impart various weaves & designs. Most of the weavers don't have knowledge of various weave structures. Most commonly used weaves are Plain & Twill weave and

this design intervention can be used to introduce various other weave structures and their derivatives like – Broken twill, Curved twill, Huck-a-back, Mock-leno, Summer-Winter weaves, Derivatives of Basket weaves, Overshot, Double Cloth with warp and/or weft wadding etc...

It has been observed that most of the weavers work quiet efficiently with 8-10 frames and this skill can be used to impart various booties through block drafting and extra-warp patterning.

New Raw Materials and Equipments

Bhagalpur is famous for its wide range of fabrics, mostly in plain weave, and woven with a variety of yarns. Tussar in its various form is the traditional raw material for weaving and core of Bhagalpuri Silk. However, weavers have started procuring and using various raw materials like cotton, linen, wool, mulberry, mooga, erri and other silks. Quality analysis of raw materials show that most of the weavers use medium to low grade of raw materials which is not suitable for good quality weaving of international standard. Also, eco friendly organic fibers and Ahimsa Silk should be promoted. Now the world is getting more and more aware of Ethical Fashion so necessary steps should be taken to produce products in tune with Ethical Fashion.

Dye fastness is a big problem and most of the weavers say that their dyers can't dye light-fast and wash-fast shades. This is because of inappropriate knowledge of fiber nature and dyes behavior. Dyers need modern equipment and appropriate dyes and chemicals along with suitable training to tackle this problem.

Skill Enhancement

Most of the weavers are not aware of the wide range of weaves they can weave on their looms. They don't have knowledge of planning their own woven designs on graph or even implementing weaves through graphs. Also, there is not much awareness of various quality parameters.

Equipment Enhancement

We can discuss one case – There is no Dobby or Jacquard in the area; and most of the weavers can work on 10-12 frames with upto 12 peddles. This is quite inconvenient and time consuming and also limit design possibilities and hence makes the product expensive. However if dobby can be used to weave a design which require 10 frames the weaving would be much faster and there is less chance of mistake to get better quality fabric.

Also, looms should be upgraded with 5-wheel take-up motion and fly-wheel for even ppi and auto winding of warp and fabric on the loom.

Dyers need modern equipment and appropriate dyes and chemicals along with suitable training to tackle this problem.

Quality Improvement

Weavers should get aware of various quality parameters related to loom, raw materials, dyeing, weaving and finishing.

Business Development

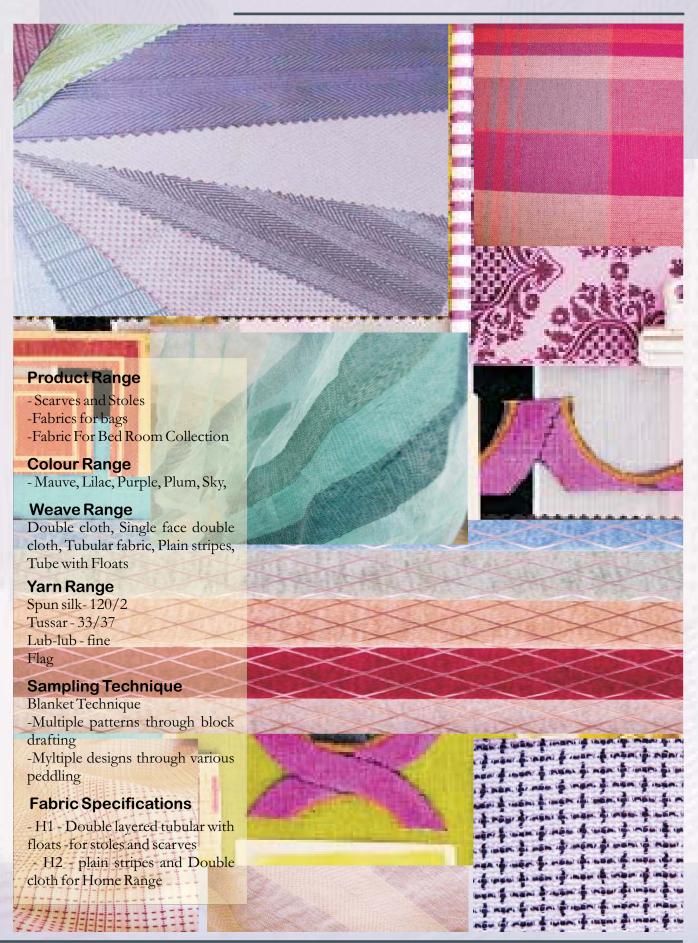
Most of the weavers are dependent on the traders for work and to market their products. Not many Self-help groups are in existence. Also, traders don't do marketing in a planned way. They lack in basic marketing materials like logo, tags, brochures, catalogue and also, most of them don't participate in any national or international fares to promote their products.

4, 5, 6, 7, 8

PLANNING & CONCEPTUALISATION

Story Board, Theme Board, Conceptualisation, Shade Card, Yarn Selection, Weave Selection

FABRIC STORY BOARD







CONCEPTUALIZATIONS AND SPECIFICATIONS

Product Range

- Scarves and Stoles -Fabrics for bags -Fabric For Bed Room Collection

Colour Range

- Mauve, Lilac, Purple, Plum, Sky,

Weave Range

Double cloth, Single face double cloth, Tubular fabric, Plain stripes, Tube with Floats

Yarn Range

Spun silk- 120/2; Tussar - 33/37; Lub-lub - fine; Flag

Sampling Technique

-Blanket Technique

-Multiple patterns through block drafting -Myltiple designs through various peddling

Fabric Specifications

- H1 - Double layered tubular with floats -for stoles - H2 - plain stripes and Double cloth for Home Range

Color Story

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CLUSTER DEVELOPMENT PROJECT

BHAGALPUR HANDLOOMS - October-2008

SHADE CARD – Spring-Summer 2009-10
THEME – EVERGREEN DESIRES









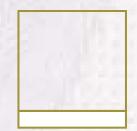












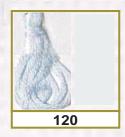
SHADE CARD – Spring-Summer 2009-10 THEME – REGAL LONGINGS



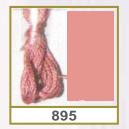








SHADE CARD – Autumn-Winter 2010 THEME – IMPERIAL WINTER





















HRISHIKESH-Aug 2008

YARN SELECTION AND CODING



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COLOR	871	
		*

ı	YARN	Tussar	CODE
l	COUNT	33/37	- E'
١	COLOR	117	

YARN	Flag	CODE
COUNT		- G'
COLOR	873	G
		8



YARN	Spun Silk	CODE
COUNT	120/2	D'
COLOR	117	

YARN	Lub-Lub	CODE
COUNT	fine	F'
COLOR	118	

YARN	Flag	CODE
COUNT		H
COLOR	118	

9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14

FABRIC AND PRODUCT DEVELOPMENT

Specifications, Fabric Concepts, Product Concepts, Product Development



FABRIC SPECIFICATION SHEET - H1

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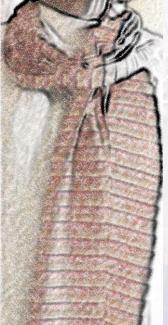
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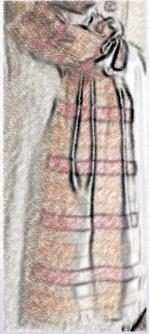
PRODUCT CONCEPTS - H1









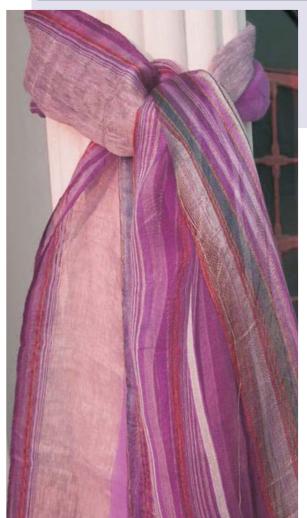






















FABRIC SPECIFICATION SHEET - H2

SHEET 'n 5 _ ш ĬL. 5 Spun Silk Spun Silk Spun Silk Lub-Lub 120/2 120/2 120/2 120/2 Flag 33/37 Flag 873 fine Z 0 | YARN COUNT YARN COLOR COLOR YARN COLOR YARN COUNT YARN COLOR COUNT COUNT COLOR COUNT COUNT YARN COUNT COUNT COUNT 4 0 正 mach. mach. mach. mach. right 0 Z0 A ш 1.5 10.5 _ 0.5 1 2 meters 2 meters x30 S 1,5 20 9 0 44 ن œ 2 2 m _ DETAILS / viscose viscose 1,3,5 < Sij Silk Sij Silk Silk Sik 2 A WEFT 120/2 120/2 120/2 fine 120/2 48 120/2 fine fine fine fine x30 1,2,3,5 <u>_</u> Color Code 'n i i ir io in ĬL. Υİ ΑİL ìц ن 1,3,6 1, 6, 2 (acrylic), 5, 3, 4 (acrylic) 1, 6, 2 (acrylic), 5, 3, 4 (acrylic) 5, 3, 4 (acrylic) X10 X5 1,3,4,6 PEDDLING 1, 6, 3, 5 1, 6, 3, 5 1, 6, 3, 5 1, 6, 3, 5 1, 6, 3, 5 2, 7 2,7 ⋖ 9 0 1, 6, 2 (acrylic), X10 X12 A 5 0 2 3,6 PEDDLING AND TIE-UP 4 0 4 Z x20 3 B 0 3 B 9 O О Ф 6 4 ن **FABRIC** CODE Ā FRAME PEDAL LIE-UP m <u>a</u> 모 모 H2 모 무 모 H2 모 모 'n 0 0 ₹ 9 cms. ۵ 360 300 099 NO. A 5 0 2 x10 Mach. Mach. 4 <u>B</u> 4 0 Ε ā დ [₹ m 5 DENTING 2 ENDS PER DENT WARP DETAILS 44 288 Z 2 0 ⊠ N 120/2 120/2 120/2 WIDTH - on the loom Ö

9 K

0 0

_ ⊠ 00

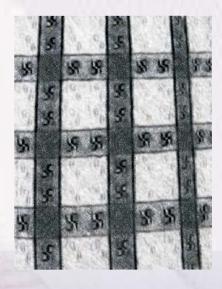
WARPING ORDER **TOTAL ENDS**

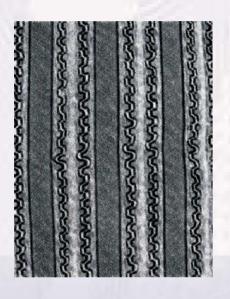
ength of Warp

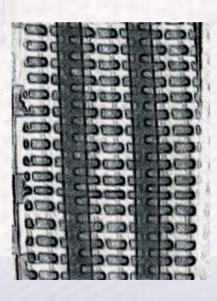
SHRINKAGE





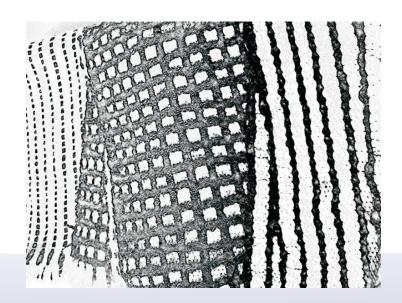


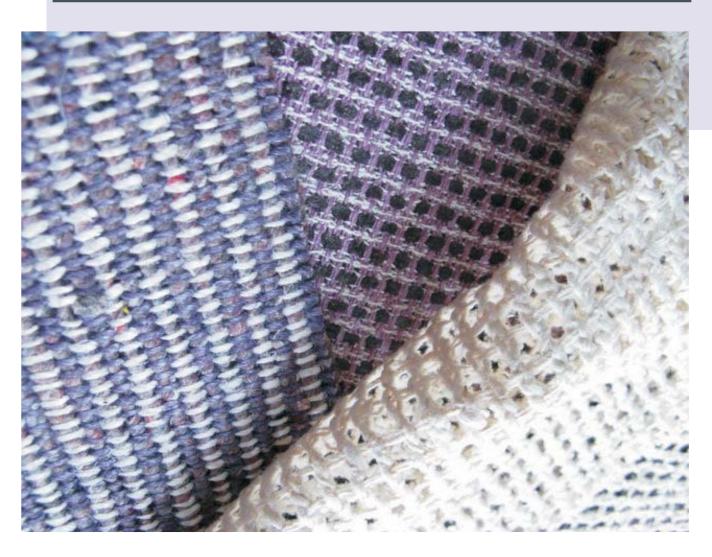










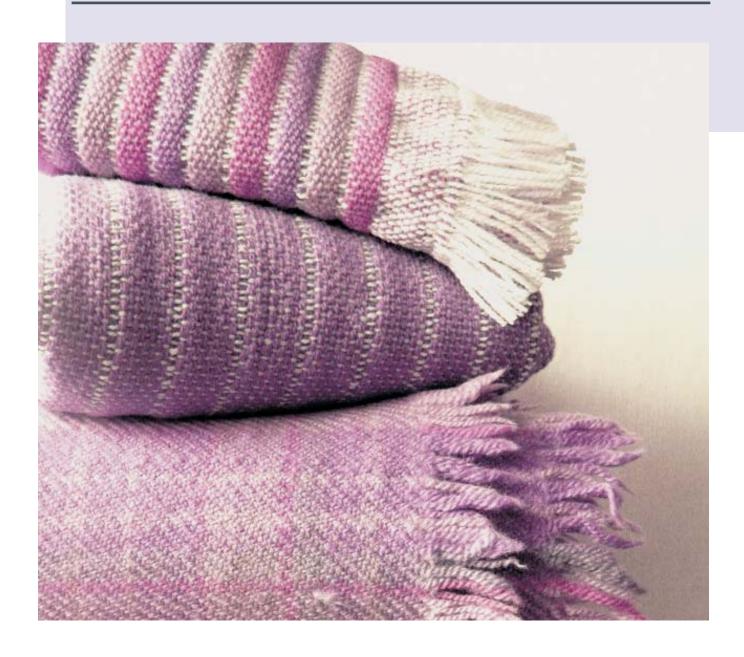


























15 ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

- www.weakepedia.com

- MESH Design Studio

- www.aseedinternational.com

- www.indianhandloomscluster-dchl.net

- www.ashextourism.com/bihar/bhagalpur

- www.talkingaboutweaving.blogspot.com

- www.centerweave.wordpress.com

- ILFS and Weavers' Community of Bhagalpur